t: Rutgers, the State University et 1213 Rec'd POTUTE 2 0 148 2002

vention and

Applicant: Rute Title of Invention:

ctracts of Orange Peel for creatment of Cancer

Attorney Ref.: RU-0103

"Express Mail" Label No. EL603802492US Date of Deposit 20 September 2000

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner of Patents, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231.

By Juna Jowen an
Typed Name: Suzanne Sparkman

To the United States Receiving Office (RO/US):

Accompanying this transmittal letter is the above-identified International Application, including a completed Request form (PCT/RO/101). Please process the application according to the provisions of the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

The following requests are made of the RO/US:

- 1. <u>X</u> Preparation and Transmittal of Certified Copies of Priority Documents Please prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the United States origin priority documents identified in Box VI of the Request form (37 CFR 1.451). To cover the cost of copy preparation and certification, the appropriate fee is indicated on the Fee Calculation Sheet (PCT/RO/101 Annex).
- 2. <u>X</u> Choice of International Searching Authority It is requested that the International Search be performed by the following International Searching Authority. The appropriate Search fee for the below-named Authority is indicated on the Fee Calculation Sheet (PCT/RO/101 Annex).
 - X United States Patent and Trademark Office (ISA/US)
 Luropean Patent Office (ISA/EP)
- 3. ____ Supplemental Search Fees Please charge any Supplemental Search fees that may be required by the United States International Searching Authority (ISA/US) to deposit account number 12-1086.
- 4. **X** Disclosure Information In order to assist in screening the accompanying International Application for purposes of determining whether a license for foreign transmittal should and could be granted and for other purposes, the following information is supplied.
- A. ___ There is no prior application relating to this invention.

 B. $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ There is a prior application, US serial number 60/155,018 filed on 21

 September 1999. The prior application contain subject matter that is less than that of the International Application. The additional subject matter appears throughout the International Application.
- 5. X Request for Foreign Transmittal License According to the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 184 and 37 CFR 5.11, a license to transmit the accompanying International Application to foreign agencies or international authorities is hereby requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Jane Massey Licata Registration No. 32,257 Attorney/Agent for Applicant

Law Offices of Jane Massey Licata 66 E. Main Street Marlton, New Jersey 08053 (856) 810-1515

E PATENT COOPERATION TRE Before the International Bureau of WIPO

Rutgers, the State University et al. Applicant:

International

Application No.: PCT/US00/25733

International

20 September 2000 Filing Date:

Attorney Ref.: RU-0103

= VIA FACSIMILE =

International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Statement Under Article 19(1)

Dear Sirs:

Claims 1, 3-6 have been amended. Claim 2 has been deleted. Claims 7-11 are new. No new matter has been added by these amendments.

Respectfully submitted,

Jani massificatz

Jane Massey Licata Registration No. 32,257

Date: 26 February 2001

Licata & Tyrrell P.C. 66 E. Main Street Marlton, New Jersey 08053

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Reply to Internation Search Report PCT/US00/25733 Page 2

that the reference to claim 2 has been deleted since as filed claim 2 has been deleted. Claim 6 as filed corresponds to new claim 4 with the exception that the dependency has been corrected in light of the renumbering of the claims. Claim 7 as filed corresponds to new claim 5 with the exception that the reference to deleted claim 2 was removed. Claim 8 as filed corresponds to new claim 6 with the exception that the dependency has been amended in light of the claim renumbering.

Claims 7-9 were added to specify that the composition of the present invention can be a nutraceutical for prevention and treatment of cancer as taught in the specification as filed at page 9. No new matter has been added by this addition to the claims.

Claims 10 and 11 were added to specify that the composition of the present invention can be a dietary supplement for prevention and treatment of cancer as taught in the specification as filed at page 11. No new matter has been added by this addition to the claims.

Respectfully submitted,

Jan massy with

Jane Massey Licata Registration No. 32,257

Date: 26 February 2001

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Enclosure - substitute pages 15 and 16

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JC13 Rec'd PCT/PIU 2 0 MAR 2002

IN E PATENT COOPERATION TREBE

Applicant: Rutgers, the State University et al.

International

Application No.: PCT/US00/25733

International

Filing Date: 20 September 2000

Attorney Ref.: RU-0103

= VIA FACSIMILE =

International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Response to International Search Report

Dear Sirs:

This is in response to the International Search Report mailed 27 December 2000 setting a two (2) month period for reply.

Claim 1 was amended to include the language of using three or more polymethoxylated flavones as listed in response to the Search Report. Support for this amendment to the claim can be found in the specification as filed at page 4, where the components as listed in claim 1 are taught, at pages 4-6 where the activity of an extract containing multiple polymethoxylated flavones in taught, and at page 9, where a combination of polymethoxylated flavones is taught. No new matter has been added by this amendment to the claims.

Claim 2 as filed has been deleted as the subject matter of this claim was incorporated into claim 1. Claim 3 as filed is now claim 2 in the replacement claim set. Claim 4 as filed has been deleted in accordance with the deletion of as filed claim 2. Claim 5 as filed corresponds to new claim 3 with the exception

What is claimed is:

- A composition comprising an extract of orange peel containing three or more polymethoxylated flavones, wherein said flavones are selected from the group consisting of 3',4',5,6,7,8-5 4',5,6,7,8-pentamethoxyflavone, hexamethoxyflavone, 5, 6, 7, 3', 4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5hydroxy-6,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-7,8,3',4'-5,7-hydroxy-6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-10 3,5,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-6,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 2. A composition comprising the extract of claim 1 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 3. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the extract of claim 1.
- 4. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the composition 25 of claim 2.
 - 5. A method for preventing or treating cancer in an animal comprising administering to an animal an effective amount of an extract of claim 1.

- 6. The method of claim 5 further comprising administering at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of a rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a hydroxylated resveratrol analog, a black tea extract, and a methoxylated resveratrol analog.
 - 7. A nutraceutical for prevention or treatment of cancer comprising the composition of claim 1 or 2.
- 8. The nutraceutical of claim 7 wherein said nutraceutical is administered orally as a tablet, capsule or liquid.
 - 9. The nutraceutical of claim 7 wherein said nutraceutical is formulated for administration by inhalation, by injection, by rectally, or vaginally.
- 15 10. A dietary supplement for prevention or treatment of cancer comprising the composition of claim 1 or 2.
 - 11. The dietary supplement of claim 10 wherein said dietary supplement is administered orally as a tablet, capsule or liquid.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
Before the lited States International reliminary
Examining Authority for the Patent Cooperation Treaty

Applicants:

Rutgers, the State University, et al.

International
 Application No.:

PCT/US00/25733

International
Filing Date:

20 September 2000

Attorney Docket Number:

RU-0103

"Express Mail" Label No. EL859835157US Date of Deposit October 26, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box PCT, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

RESPONSE TO WRITTEN OPINION

This is in reply to the Written Opinion mailed August 29, 2001, setting a two (2) month period for response. Also, attached herewith is a copy of a replacement claim set. This claim set is identical to that originally provided to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a paper dated February 26, 2001 except that an inadvertent error in claim 5 has been corrected i.e. this claim now correctly refers to a "composition". Applicants note that the application as published on March 29, 2201, did not include this replacement

claim set. Accordingly, Applicants request that the claims be replaced by the replacement claim set provided herewith.

Claim 1 has been suggested to lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Nagy et al. (1979). Applicants have amended claim 1 to include the language of using three or more polymethoxylated flavones. Support for this amendment to the claim can be found in the specification as filed at page 4, where the components as listed in claim 1 are taught, at pages 4-6 where the activity of an extract containing multiple polymethoxylated flavones is taught, and at page 9 where a combination of polymethoxylated flavones is taught. No new matter was added by this amendment to the claim.

The Examiner suggests that this reference teaches the claimed compounds being obtained from citrus peel and methods to obtain the claimed compounds. Nagy et al. (1979) is a book chapter that discusses flavonoid constituents of citrus. Careful review of the chapter indicates that it does not teach extracting only orange peel to obtain flavenoid compounds. In addition, although only certain compounds are mentioned in this reference, such as tangeretin and sinensetin, the reference fails to teach the use of three or more flavones in combination as now claimed. Accordingly, this reference cannot anticipate the invention as now claimed.

Claims 1-6 have been suggested to lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Peirce (1999). The Examiner suggests that this reference discloses that rosemary extract helps to fight cancer and significantly inhibited development of breast cancer. Applicants disagree with the Examiner's conclusions.

As mentioned above, claim 1, and by dependency claims 2-6, have been amended to refer to a composition containing three or more specific polymethoxylated flavones in combination, and the use of this composition either alone or with other herbal extracts to prevent or treat cancer.

The reference of Peirce (1999) is a book excerpt which teaches use of rosemary for curative properties. However, nowhere does this reference teach or suggest any compound extracted from orange peel, including none of the polymethoxylated flavones recited. Accordingly, this reference does not anticipate the present invention.

Claims 1-11 have been said to lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Madis Botanicals. The Examiner suggests that this reference discloses that resveratrol prevents carcinogenesis, leukemia, and preneoplastic lesions or tumorigenesis.

The reference cited as Madis Botanicals is a package insert-type excerpt that lists the nutraceutical profile of resveratrol. Review of the reference reveals that it teaches

that Huzhang is a concentrated source of resveratrol. Nowhere does this reference teach or suggest any compounds extracted from oranges or orange peel specifically. Further, although the reference teaches use of resveratrol in cancer, it does not teach use of any of the compounds extracted from orange peel. Therefore, this reference does not anticipate the claims as amended which refer to use of three or more specific polymethoxylated flavone compounds extracted from orange peel in combination with other compounds such as resveratrol.

Claims 1-3 and 5 have been suggested to lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Castleman. The Examiner suggests that this reference discloses that black tea has antioxidants and may be useful in cancer prevention.

The reference of Castleman is an excerpt from a book. The reference teaches use of tea to aid in the prevention of cancer. Nowhere does this reference teach or suggest any compounds extracted from oranges or orange peel specifically, as claimed in the amended claims, or their uses to treat cancer. Therefore, this reference cannot anticipate the claims as amended.

Claims 1-11 have been suggested to lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Nagy et al., in view of Peirce, Madis Botanicals, Castleman, Thomas, and Bailey. The Examiner suggests that these references combined teach use of plant extracts for treating or

preventing cancer and that Thomas et al. specifically teaches that carotenoid pigments from orange peels prevent cancer.

As discussed above, the claims have been amended to recite that certain polymethoxylated flavones are being used as a composition either as a combination of three or more compounds, or these three or more compounds in combination further with other plant extracts. These compositions are then claimed for use in treating or preventing cancer.

Also as discussed above, the references of Nagy et al., Peirce, Madis Botanicals, and Castleman fail to teach or suggest use of three or more polymethoxylated flavones as listed, extracted from orange peel, in any way, including prevention and treatment of cancer. Thomas (US Patent No. 5,830,738) discloses extraction of carotenoids from plants. Review of the patent, however, reveals that it teaches only carotenoids, not flavonoids, which are chemically distinct Therefore, this reference does not teach the compounds. The reference of Bailey (US Patent present invention. 5,859,293) discloses a process of extracting carnasic acid from rosemary and sage. Again, review of the patent, reveals that it teaches only carnasic acid from plants, not the compounds of the present invention extracted from orange peel, which are chemically distinct from carnasic acid.

Response to Written Spinion PCT/US00/25733
Page 6

Accordingly, this combination of references fails to make the invention obvious.

Respectfully submitted,

Jan Masy Luck

Jane Massey Licata Registration No. 32,257

Date: October 26, 2001

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(856) 810-1515

What is claimed is:

- 1. A composition comprising an extract of orange peel containing three or more polymethoxylated flavones, wherein said flavones are selected from the group consisting of 4',5,6,7,8-pentamethoxyflavone, 3',4',5,6,7,8-hexamethoxyflavone, 5, 6, 7, 3', 4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-6,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'-methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and a physiologically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 2. A composition comprising the extract of claim 1 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 3. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the extract of claim 1.

- 4. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the composition of claim 2.
- 5. A method for preventing or treating cancer in an animal comprising administering to an animal an effective amount of the composition of claim 1.
- 6. The method of claim 5 further comprising administering at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of a rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a hydroxylated resveratrol analog, a black tea extract, and a methoxylated resveratrol analog.
 - 7. A nutraceutical for prevention or treatment of cancer comprising the composition of claim 1 or 2.
- 15 8. The nutraceutical of claim 7 wherein said nutraceutical is administered orally as a tablet, capsule or liquid.
- The nutraceutical of claim 7 wherein said nutraceutical is formulated for administration by inhalation,
 by injection, by rectally, or vaginally.
 - 10. A dietary supplement for prevention or treatment of cancer comprising the composition of claim 1 or 2.
- 11. The dietary supplement of claim 10 wherein said dietary supplement is administered orally as a tablet, capsule or liquid.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INT	ERNATION	IAL BU	REAL
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PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

To:

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT

2011 South Clark Place Room CP2/5C24

Arlington, VA 22202

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 27 August 2001 (27.08.01)	ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE in its capacity as elected Office
International application No. PCT/US00/25733	Applicant's or agent's file reference RU-0103
International filing date (day/month/year) 20 September 2000 (20.09.00)	Priority date (day/month/year) 21 September 1999 (21.09.99)
Applicant	
GHAI, Geeta et al	

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	20 April 2001 (20.04.01)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

Catherine MASSETTI

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35 Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

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US

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21 September 1999 (21.09.1999)

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788 Colonial Avenue, Pelham Manor, NY 10803 (US). LIPKIN, Martin [US/US]; 535 East 86th Street, New York, NY 10028 (US). HUANG, Mou, Tuan [US/US]; 266 Alfred Street, Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 (US). BOYD, Charles [US/US]; 3330 Paty Drive, Honolulu, HI 96822 (US). CSISZAR, Katalin [HU/US]; 3330Paty Drive, Honolulu, HI 96822 (US).

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- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- With international search report.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

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- 1 -

EXTRACTS OF ORANGE PEEL FOR PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF CANCER

Naturally occurring non-nutritive agents present in plants such as flavonoids, phenolic compounds, glucosinulates, terpenes and many others are believed to have disease preventive properties. Diets containing some of these substances have been shown to be protective against diseases such as colon and breast cancer in animals (Kuo, S.M. 1997. such as colon and breast cancer in animals (Kuo, S.M. 1997. Clin. Rev. Oncogenesis 8:47-69; Verhoeven et al. 1996. Cancer Epid. Biomark. Prev. 5:733-748; Bradlow et al. 1991. Carcinogenesis 12:1571-1574; Lamartiniere et al. 1995. Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 208:120-123). The clinical relevance of such natural phytochemicals is dependent on extrapolation from epidemiological data and from experiments in animal models of diseases of interest.

purified flavenoid compounds isolated from citrus juice
purified flavenoid compounds isolated from citrus juice
have been tested individually for their effects on
carcinogenesis, tumor cell growth and invasion of tumor cells
carcinogenesis, tumor cell growth and invasion of tumor cells
into normal cells (Attaway, J.A. 1994. In: Food
phytochemicals for Cancer Prevention, ACS Symposia Series
phytochemicals for Cancer Prevention, accompanies
phytochemicals for Cancer Prevention, accompanies
the #546, Huang et al. Eds., pp. 240-248). In particular the
polymethyoxylated flavenoids, tangeretin and nobeletin, were
shown to have anti-carcinogenic activity.

25 Extracts of bitter-orange peel are used as an herbal drug (Bisset, N.G. 1994. Herbal Drugs and phytopharmaceuticals, CRC Press: Boca Raton). Conditions treated include loss of appetite and dyspeptic complaints. The main components of the extract include limonene and flavonoids such as neohesperidin and naringin.

Several patents disclose the use of various phytochemicals in combination with orange peel extract or

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WO 01/21137

dried orange peel. CN 1200277 describes use of a composition composed of 16 plant components, one of which is dried orange peel, for treatment of psychosis and nervous system disease. CN 1116945 describes the use of orange peel along with several 5 other natural products in a capsule form to sooth the liver, nourish the stomach, remove stasis, stop pain and cure various gastric diseases. CN 1111134 discloses an oral liquid containing orange peel, among other things, for treatment of neurastenia, chronic bronchitis, asthma, coronary heart 10 disease, high blood lipid levels, hepatitis, cytopenia, senility and immune dysfunction. CN 1106673 is a patent for a disease-preventing nutrient tea that is produced from a variety of products, including soaked, crushed orange peel. CN 1077124 describes a Chinese herb preparation for treatment 15 of iron-deficiency anemia that is composed of a number of ingredients, including dried orange peel. Finally, a Japanese patent (JP 57156761) discloses a heat-generating pad for

It has now been found that an extract of orange peel has biological activity as a treatment and preventative agent for cancer.

orthopedic diseases that contains extracts and powders of many

Summary of the Invention

plants, including orange peel.

An object of the present invention is an extract of orange peel which comprises 4',5,6,7,8-pentamethoxyflavone and 3',4',5,6,7,8-hexamethoxyflavone. The composition may further comprise other polymethoxylated flavones.

Another object of the present invention is a composition which comprises an extract of orange peel and rosemary 30 extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and/or a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal

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comprising administering to an animal an orange peel extract which is administered alone or in combination with rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and/or a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method for preventing or treating cancer in an animal which comprises administering to an animal an effective amount of an orange peel extract which is administered alone or in combination with rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and/or a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Unlike many phytochemicals, orange peel extract is lipid soluble, a property which is desirable in many drug products because passage across biological membranes, and ultimately bioavailability, is enhanced. Orange peel and its extracts have been used in a variety of herbal drug products in combination with many different plant components and extracts.

However, none of the previous research on orange peel or its extracts has examined or demonstrated activity against tumor cell growth or cancer. It has now been shown that orange peel extract inhibits tumor growth in vivo.

Orange peel extract is a mixture of highly bioactive and organic soluble, methylated flavonoids. An extract was obtained from cold-pressed peel oil solids, a waste product from the orange juice industry. The peel oil solids were dissolved in warm ethanol and, after several repeated washes, became a standardized product, with a reproducible amount of flavonoids. The extract comprises a mixture of various analogs and homologs of methylated flavonoids.

Experiments were performed to isolate and identify components in the orange peel extract. Methylated flavonoids from the orange peel extract were analyzed by either reverse-

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phase or normal-phase high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). During normal phase HPLC the conditions included use of a silica gel HPLC column (MacMod Analytical Co., Chadds Ford, PA) of dimensions 4.6 mm i.d. \times 25 cm length and a 5 solvent gradient that started at 90% hexane and went to 90% chloroform in 20 minutes with a final hold at 90% chloroform for an additional 20 minutes. Separated components or peaks were then identified using HPLC coupled with mass spectrometry (HPLC-MS). Atmospheric pressure chemical ionization mass 10 spectrometry was used for molecular weight determinations. HPLC-MS techniques such as particle beam (EI) introduction was used to produce standard fragmentation patterns of the methylated flavonoids. Standards for many of the compounds were obtained from the Florida Department of Citrus. Using 15 these techniques the following components were identified: 5,6,7,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone (also known as sinensetin), 5,6,7,8,3',4'-hexamethoxyflavone (also known as nobeletin), 5,6,7,8,4'-pentamethoxyflavone (also known as tangeretin), 5hydroxy-6,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone (also 20 auranetin), 5-hydroxy-7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7-hydroxy-6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 3,5,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-5-hydroxy-6,7,8,4'hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'-methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxymethoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,3',4'-25 3,5,6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and methoxyflavone.

The in vivo tumor inhibitory effects of the complete (including all 14 identified compounds) orange peel extract was tested in an orthotransplant model (Telang, N.T. et al. 1990. Cell Regulat. 1:863-872). Mice were transplanted with oncogene-expressing, preneoplastic breast epithelial cells. Mice were then divided into groups with the control group fed AIN-76A diet alone. Another group of mice was fed AIN-76A diet supplemented with 5000 ppm orange peel extract. After 12 weeks of continuous feeding, all mice in the control group

exhibited palpable tumor formation at the transplant sites (100% tumor incidence). In contrast, the group fed diet supplemented with the orange peel extract had a 0% tumor incidence (0/5 mice). Weight gains in the groups were comparable indicating that the orange peel extract had little to no systemic toxicity.

The orange peel extract was then tested in an in vivo model for colon cancer. Female CF-1 mice were injected with azoxymethane (AOM) once a week for four weeks at increasing 10 doses (5, 10, 10 and 10 mg/kg). Orange peel extract was administered in the diet (0.2%) starting two weeks before the first AOM injection, during and continuing until the end of the experiment at 24 weeks. At week 24, the mice were given The mice were then one last dose of AOM (10 mg/kg). 15 sacrificed and their colons removed (from anus to caecum). The colons were opened longitudinally, rinsed with normal saline, and stapled to a plastic sheet. The colon samples were placed in a 10% neutral buffered formalin solution for 24 hours. The entire colon was stained with 0.2% methylene blue 20 dissolved in phosphate buffered saline for 20 minutes. whole mount of colon samples were then examined using light microscopy for the presence of aberrant crypt (AC) or aberrant Both ACF and AC are biomarkers for colon crypt foci (ACF). cancer. Cancer prevention diets have been shown to reduce 25 formation of ACF and AC. Mice fed nordihydroxyguaiaretic acid (NDGA) in the diet (0.2%) were used as controls. The results are shown below in Table 1.

30	Table 1 Effect of Feeding Orange Peel Extract on AOM-Induced Formation of Aberrant Crypt Foci (ACF) in Mice				
	Lesion	Negative Control	Positive Control	0.2% NDGA	0.2% Orange Peel
	ACF/colon	0_	5.2±1.2	2.7±0.9	2.7±0.8

{	AC/colon	0	37±5.9	9.4±2.2	12.6±2.8
	AC/ACF	0	7.1	3.5	4.7
5	ACF: 1 AC/colon	0	15.0±2.5	6.8±1.5	6.4±1.4
	ACF: 2 AC/colon	0	5.5±1.2	1.0±0.3	2.0±0.3
10	ACF: 3 AC/colon	0	1.0±0.4	0.2±0.2	0.2±0.2
	ACF: 4 AC/colon	0	1.0±0.4	0	0.2±0.2
15	ACF: 5 AC/colon	0	0.2±0.2	0	0
20	ACF: 6 AC/colon	0	0.3±0.3	0	0.2±0.23
	ACF: 7 AC/colon	0	0.2±0.2	0	0

There was a 48% and 48% inhibition of the number of ACF per colon with NDGA and orange peel extract treatment, respectively. In addition, the ratio of AC/ACF was inhibited by 51% and 34%, with NDGA and orange peel extract treatment, respectively. These data demonstrate the efficacy of the orange peel extract in this animal model of colon cancer.

In a similar experiment in the mouse colon cancer model, CF-1 mice were injected with AOM (5, 10, 10 and 10 mg/kg) starting at 6 weeks of age, once each week and then once at 37 weeks after the first dose of AOM. Throughout the treatment period, mice received either an AIN 76A diet or test compound in AIN 76A diet at 2 weeks before the first dose of AOM and continuing until the end of the experiment. The test compounds were NDGA (0.2%) and orange peel extract (0.2%). Colon samples were again obtained at sacrifice, stored in 10%

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formalin phosphate buffer, and then colon tumor number was determined. The results are shown in Table 2.

5	Table 2 Effect of Dietary Orange Peel Extract Treatment on AOM- Induced Colon Tumorigenesis in Mice				
	Treatment	Number of Animals	Body Weight (g)	Colon Tumors Per Mouse	Percent Incidence (%)
	no AOM (negative control)	15	51.3±1.9	0	0
10	AOM	27	46.7 <u>±</u> 1.9	0.52±0.12	44
1	0.2% NDGA + AOM	11	45.8±2.1	0.27±0.14	27
15	0.2% Orange Peel + AOM	17	46.7±2.2	0.29±0.11	29

The data show that treatment with orange peel extract inhibited tumor development in AOM-treated mice to the same extent as the control comparison compound, NDGA, supporting the efficacy of orange peel extract as an anti-tumorigenic agent.

In addition to testing for the activity of the complete orange peel extract, two of the identified extract components, tangeretin and nobeletin, were tested for their combined activity in a cell proliferation assay. The growth of W138 (normal) and W138VA (transformed) cells was tested in the presence of a mixture of tangeretin and nobeletin. The dye crystal violet was used for measuring growth of the cells. Cells were treated with either tangeretin alone $(0, 1, 5, 10, 20 \text{ or } 50 \, \mu\text{g/ml})$, nobeletin alone $(0, 1, 5, 10, 20 \text{ or } 50 \, \mu\text{g/ml})$ or a mixture of the two compounds at a total concentration of the two flavenoids of 0, 1, 5, 10, 20 or 50 $\mu\text{g/ml}$. When used alone, tangeretin and nobeletin produced only marginal effects to inhibit cell growth in transformed cells, even at

the highest dose tested, and had no effect on normal cell In contrast, when administered as a mixture, tangeretin and nobeletin showed synergistic activity, with growth inhibition produced in transformed cells, in a dose 5 dependent manner. There was no appreciable effect of the mixture on normal cell growth. These data confirm the results of the experiment in whole animals where orange peel extract, containing tangeretin and noveletin, had anti-tumorigenic activity. Further, when an extract containing 30% of the 10 methylated flavenoids, including tangeretin and nobeletin was tested in this same assay there were significant inhibitory effects of cell proliferation at doses of 20 and 50 $\mu \mathrm{g/ml}$. The range of doses of the extract tested was 0, 1, 5, 10, 20 and 50 $\mu \mathrm{g/ml}$. These data provide evidence for a synergistic 15 effect of the polymethylated flavonoids in arresting and inhibiting the growth of tumor cells.

Experiments were also performed in a preclinical cell culture model for human ductal breast carcinoma in situ The human breast-derived preneoplastic cell line 184-20 B5/HER expressed HER-2/neu, p53 and EGFR but not ER, therefore DCIS. Initial dose-response clinical resembling the experiments compared the growth inhibitory effect of orange peel extract on the parental 184-B5 cells and the HER-2/neu oncogene-expressing 184-B5/HER cells. Relative to parental 25 cells, orange peel extract was at least two times more effective as a growth inhibitor for 184-B5/HER cells. Orange peel extract at the maximum cytostatic dose of 100 ppm accumulated the cells in the GO/G1 phase and inhibited the S+G2/M phase of the cell cycle, leading to down-regulation of 30 cell cycle progression. This alteration in the cell cycle progression resulted in a 5-fold increase in the G0/G1: S+G2/M ratio. Treatment of 184-B5/HER cells with 100 ppm orange peel extract resulted in a 47.5% decrease in immunoreactivity to phosphotyrosine (marker for tyrosine kinase activity) and a 35 157.7% increase in immunoreactivity to the cyclin dependent

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kinase inhibitor pl6^{INKA}. In addition, there was a selective induction of apoptosis in 184-B5/HER cells but not in parental 184-B5 cells. Treatment of 184-B5/HER cells with 100 ppm orange peel extract induced a 7.6-fold increase in sub G0/G1 5 (apoptotic) population. Consistent with the induction of apoptosis, immunoreactivity to anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 was decreased by 33%.

Based upon the experiments described herein, it is believed that compositions comprising orange peel extract or 10 a combination of components of the orange peel extract including but not limited to tangeretin and nobeletin, may be included in foods and dietary supplements or "nutraceuticals" for prevention or treatment of cancer. One of skill can use the results of experiments in cells and animals described 15 herein to determine effective amounts to be administered to other animals, including humans. By "effective amount" it is meant a concentration that inhibits tumor growth either in vitro in cells or in vivo in animals. For example, human test doses can be extrapolated from effective doses in cell 20 studies, such as IC_{50} values, or from effective doses in vivo by extrapolating on a body weight or surface area basis. Such extrapolations are routine in the art. Compositions comprising orange peel extracts can be formulated for administration as a food supplement using one or more fillers. 25 Alternatively, compositions comprising these extracts can be administered as conventional pharmaceuticals using one or more orexcipients. physiologically carriers acceptable formulated can compositions be Nutraceutical administration by any route including, but not limited to, 30 inhalation or insufflation (through mouth or nose), oral, buccal, parenteral, vaginal, or rectal administration. In one embodiment, oral administration, the compositions are added directly to foods and ingested as part of a normal meal. Various methods are known to those skilled in the art for 35 addition or incorporation of nutraceuticals into foods.

Compositions for use in the present invention can also be administered in the form or tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents, fillers, lubricants, disintegrants, or 5 wetting agents. Examples of specific compounds for use in formulating tablets and capsules are described in detail in the U.S. Pharmacopeia. Tablets comprising the extract can also be coated by methods well known in the art. preparations for oral administration can also be used. Liquid 10 preparations can be in the form of solutions, syrups or suspensions, or a dry product for reconstitution with water or another suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations can be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable additives such as suspending agents, emulsifying 15 agents, non-aqueous vehicles, and preservatives. specific additives are well known to those of skill and are listed in places such as the U.S. Pharmacopeia. embodiment, the oral preparation is formulated to provide active nutraceutical release of the controlled time 20 components. For buccal administration the extract can be formulated as a tablet or lozenge.

For administration by inhalation, compositions for use in the present invention can be delivered in the form of an aerosol spray in a pressurized package or as a nebulizer, with use of suitable propellants. In the case of a pressurized aerosol, the dosage unit can be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered dose.

Parenterally administered compositions are formulated to allow for injection, either as a bolus or as a continuous infusion. Formulations for injection can be prepared in unit dosage forms, such as ampules, or in multi-dose units, with added preservatives. The compositions for injection can be in the form of suspensions, solutions, or emulsions, in either oily or aqueous vehicles. They may also contain formulatory agents such as suspending agents, stabilizing agents, and/or

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dispersing agents. The active ingredient may also be presented in powder form for reconstitution with a suitable vehicle before use. Specific examples of formulating agents for parenteral injection are found in the U.S. Pharmacopeia.

For rectal administration or vaginal administration, compositions for use in of the present invention can be formulated as suppositories, creams, gels, or retention enemas.

For dietary supplements, the extract can be added in concentrations up to 5% by weight and mixed according to methods routine in the art. Dietary supplements for animals can be prepared in a variety of forms including, but not limited to, liquid, powder, or solid pill forms. In the present invention, the orange peel extract can administered either alone or in combination with other phytochemicals known to affect tumor cell growth, where combining compounds or extracts would lead to synergistic effects. Examples of other phytochemicals which can be used in combination with orange peel extract include, but are not limited to, resveratrol and its hydroxylated and methoxylated analogs, rosemary extract, black tea extracts, Mexican Bamboo, and Huzhang extracts.

Many plants, such as Mexican Bamboo and Huzhang, contain high amounts of an active component known as resveratrol. biologically is а well known, Resveratrol hydroxylated Resveratrol and its 25 phytochemical. methoxylated analogs have been shown to have activity both in vitro and in vivo to affect cell proliferation and tumor cell Resveratrol and several of its analogs (3,5dihydroxystilbene: R-1; 3, 3', 4, 5'-tetrahydroxystilbene: R-30 2; 3, 4, 4', 5-tetrahydroxystilbene: R-3; 3, 3', 5, 5'-5, 5'-(R-4), 3, 31, 4, tetrahydroxystilbene pentahydroxystilbene: R-5; 3, 5-dimethoxystilbene: MR-1; 3, 5-trimethoxystilbene: MR-0; 3, 3', tetramethoxystilbene: MR-2; 3, 4, 4', 5-tetramethoxystilbene: - 12 -

MR-3; 3, 3', 5' 5'-tetramethoxystilbene: MR-4; and 3, 3', 4, 5, 5'-pentamethoxystilbene: MR-5) were evaluated in cell culture studies using standard methodologies.

W138 human diploid fibroblasts and cancerous SV40-5 transformed W138 cells (W138VA) were used in a cell proliferation assay. Growth rate and viability of these cells was determined following addition of resveratrol or one of its analogs. Doses tested ranged from 50 ng to 300 μg per ml or 1 μM to 100 μM concentrations in culture media. Resveratrol 10 inhibited cell growth at concentrations less than 10 μM . resveratrol analogs R3 and MR-0 also inhibited cell growth. a concentration of 1 μ M, MR-3 completely blocked proliferation of W138VA cells, although it had no effect on growth of W138 cells. MR-4 inhibited growth of W138 cells but 15 not W138VA cells at doses of 100 μM . MR-1 was not active as an inhibitor of cell growth even at doses as high as 100 μM .

Treatment of W138 and W138VA cells with resveratrol and its analogs also led to morphological changes in the cells. Treatment of W138 cells with resveratrol and its analogs R-1 20 and R-3 led to elongation of normal W138 cells. analogs such as MR-0 and MR-3 caused the flattening of W138 This flattening was accompanied by an increase in neutral β -galactosidase activity as indicated by an increase in staining. An increase in activity of β -galactosidase is 25 characteristic of senescent cells, indicating that these analogs modulate the life-span of normal cells.

Resveratrol and its analogs were also tested preneoplastic 184-B5/HER human mammary epithelial cells. Results showed that there was a dose-dependent inhibition of 30 growth in response to treatment with resveratrol as well as methoxy derivatives MR-0, MR-2 and The concentration that inhibited growth by 50% (IC50) for the tested compounds were: resveratrol, 10.5 μM ; MR-0, 10.5 μM ; MR-2 120 μM ; MR-3, 1.0 μM . A cell cycle analysis revealed 35 that treatment with MR-0, MR-2 and MR-3 resulted

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progressive arrest of cells in the G2/M phase relative to solvent-treated control cultures and that MR-3 was the most effective compound.

The in vivo tumor inhibitory effects of MR-3 were tested 5 in an orthotransplant model. Mice were transplanted with oncogene-expressing, preneoplastic breast epithelial cells. Mice were then divided into groups with the control group fed AIN-76A diet alone. Another group of mice was fed AIN-76A diet supplemented with MR-3 (400 ppm). After 12 weeks of 10 continuous feeding, all mice in the control group exhibited palpable tumor formation at the transplant sites (100% tumor incidence). In contrast, the group fed diet supplemented with the analog MR-3 had a 20% tumor incidence, with only one mouse of the five tested exhibiting tumor growth. Weight gains in 15 the groups were comparable indicating that the analog had little toxicity.

This series of studies, both in vitro and in vivo, indicated that resveratrol as well as analogs of resveratrol have biological activity related to preventing progression of 20 cancer in cells.

Extracts of rosemary have also been shown to have antitumor activity and chemopreventive properties (Huang et al. 1994. Cancer Res. 54:701-708; Tokuda et al. 1986. Cancer Lett. 33:279-285; Singletary et al. 1996. Cancer Lett. 104:43-48; 25 Singletary, K.W. and J.M. Nelshoppen. 1991. Cancer Lett. 60:169-175). For example, a diet containing 1% of rosemary extract significantly inhibited the initiation of mammary tumorigenesis in rats (Singletary, K.W. and J.M. Nelshoppen. 1991. Cancer Lett. 60:169-175). Palpable tumor incidence in 30 rats fed the rosemary extract was 47% less than that of rats fed a control diet. Therefore, rosemary extracts were cancer preventive.

Black tea and its extracts have also been well-studied as potential pharmacological agents. Epidemiological studies 35 have suggested that tea consumption has a protective effect



against certain forms of human cancer (Stoner, G.D. and H. Mukhtar. 1995. J. Cell Biochem. Suppl. 22:169-180; Fujiki et al. 1996. Nutr. Rev. 54:S67-S70). In addition, extracts of black tea in particular have been shown to be potent inhibitors of tumorigenesis in several animal model systems (Javed et al. Biomed. Environ. Sci. 11:307-313; Yang et al. 1997. Carcinogenesis 18:2361-2365; Weisberger et al. 1998. Carcinogenesis 19:229-232; Rogers et al. 1998. Carcinogenesis 19:1269-1273). Therefore, black tea extracts are known to be tumor preventive agents.

Accordingly, it is believed that a combination diet of dietary supplement comprising orange peel extract and at least one other phytochemical will also be useful to treat or prevent cancer in animals, including humans. Orange peel extract may be used in combination with rosemary extract, resveratrol and its analogs, Mexican Bamboo or Huzhang extracts, and black tea extracts. Doses of each extract used in the combination product are selected based on known activity of the extract in animals or cells.



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What is claimed is:

- 1. An extract of orange peel comprising 4',5,6,7,8-pentamethoxyflavone and 3',4',5,6,7,8-hexamethoxyflavone.
- 2. The extract of claim 1 further comprising at least one compound selected from the group consisting of 5-hydroxy-6,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 3,5,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'-methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,3',4'-methoxyflavone.
- 3. A composition comprising the extract of claim 1 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting 15 of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 4. A composition comprising the extract of claim 2 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting 20 of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 5. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the extract of claim 1 or claim 2.
 - 6. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the composition of claim 3 or claim 4.

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- 7. A method for preventing or treating cancer in an animal comprising administering to an animal an effective amount of an extract of claim 1 or claim 2.
- 8. The method of claim 7 further comprising administering at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of a rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a hydroxylated resveratrol analog, a black tea extract, and a methoxylated resveratrol analog.

What is claimed is:

- 1. An extract of orange peel comprising 4',5,6,7,8-pentamethoxyflavone and 3',4',5,6,7,8-hexamethoxyflavone.
- 2. The extract of claim 1 further comprising at least one compound selected from the group consisting of 5-hydroxy-6,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7-hydroxy-6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,7,8,3',4'-pentamethoxyflavone, 5,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 3,5,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5-hydroxy-3,6,7,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'-methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-6,7,8,4'-methoxyflavone, 5,6,7,4'-methoxyflavone, 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,8,3',4'-methoxyflavone, and 7-hydroxy-3,5,6,3',4'-methoxyflavone.
- 3. A composition comprising the extract of claim 1 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting 15 of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 4. A composition comprising the extract of claim 2 and at least one other compound selected from the group consisting of rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a black tea extract, and a hydroxylated or methoxylated resveratrol analog.
- 5. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the extract of claim 1 or claim 2.
 - 6. A method for inhibiting tumor cell growth in an animal comprising administering to an animal the composition of claim 3 or claim 4.

- 7. A method for preventing or treating cancer in an animal comprising administering to an animal an effective amount of an extract of claim 1 or claim 2.
- 8. The method of claim 7 further comprising administering at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of a rosemary extract, a Mexican Bamboo extract, a Huzhang extract, resveratrol, a hydroxylated resveratrol analog, a black tea extract, and a methoxylated resveratrol analog.



A. CLAS	SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER				
IPC(7) : A61K 6/00, 7/00, 7/42, 7/44, 37/05, 37/22 US CL : 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400, 401, 448, 426/425, 428, 435/ 209, 267, 514/733,736, 844, 846,847, 887					
US CL	US CL: 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400,,401, 448; 426/425, 426, 435/ 209, 207, 514/735, 736, 644, 646, 647, 667, 667, 667, 667, 66				
B. FIELI					
		by classification symbols)			
U.S. : 42	Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S.: 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400, 401, 448; 426/425, 428; 435/ 209, 267; 514/733,736, 844, 846,847, 887				
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Please See Continuation Sheet					
Electronic da Please See Co	ta base consulted during the international search (namontinuation Sheet	ne of data base and, where practicable, s	earch terms used)		
C. DOCT	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
X	NAGY, S. et al. Citrus Science and Technology.W	estport: AVI. 1977, Vol. 1, page 415,	1,2		
	lines 40-42; page 416, lines 15-41, pages 415-419.		3-8		
Y			-		
x	PEIRCE, Andrea. Practical Guide to Natural Mediand Company. 1999, pages 551-554, especially page	cines. New York, William Morrow e 553. lines 5-7.	1,3,5,7		
x	Madis Botanicals, Inc. ResveraPure™ Resveratrol P	E 8%.Lines 6-7 and 15-31.	1-2,3,5,7,8		
x	CASTLEMAN. Michael. The Healing Herbs. Emm 350, especially page 349, column 2, lines 5-10.		1,3,5,7		
v	US 5, 830, 738 A (THOMAS et al.) 03 November 1	1998 column 1.lines 22-62.	1-4		
Y	US 5,859, 293 A (BAILEY et al.) 12 January 1999,		3,4,6-8		
	column 2, lines 10-15.				
	S Day C	See natest family appear			
	r documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex. "T" later document published after the int	econtional Gline date or priority		
"A" documen	ipecial categories of cited documents: (defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be alar relevance	date and not in conflict with the appli principle or theory underlying the inv "X" document of particular relevance; the	cation but cited to understand the ention calmed invention cannot be		
"E" earlier as	oplication or patent published on or after the international filing date	considered novel or cannot be conside when the document is taken alone	ered to involve an inventive step		
establish specified	establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance; the clasmed inventor cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination				
1	O (Comment receiving to an oral anatomate, and the same rates) family				
priority o	priority date claimed				
	Date of the actual completion of the international search November 6, 2000 Date of mailing of the international search report 27 DEC 2000				
	nailing address of the ISA/US	Authorized officer			
Cor Box	mmissioner of Patents and Trademarks 1 PCT shington, D.C. 20231	Kailash C. Srivastivo	we for		
	o. (703)305-3230	Telephone No. (703)-308-0196	<u> </u>		

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Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 2: PEIRCE, A. (Ed.) Practical Guide to Natural Medicines. New York. Wiliam Morrow and Company, Inc., 1999, Pages 551-554. NAGY, S., SHAW, P.E., VELDHUIS, M.K. (Eds.) Citrus Science and Technology. Westport: AVI Publishing, Co., Inc., 1979, Vol.1, pages 415-419; Page 415, Lines 40-42; Page 416, Lines 15-41. CASTLEMAN, M. The Healing Herrbs. Emmaus: Rodale Press, 1991, Pages 348-350, especially page 349, Column 2, lines5-10
Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 3: CAS, USPT, JPAB, EPAB, DWPIorange peel extarct, japanese knotwood, Polygonum cuspidatum, huzhang, mexican bamboo, hydroxyflavone, hexamethoxyflavone, rosemary, blacktea, hazhang extract, resveratrol analog, cancer treatment, tumor prevention, sinensetin, nobeeltin, tangeretin, auranetin)

Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet) (July 1998)

PATENT	COOPERATION	TREATY	
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WIPO	PCT
REC'U	12 MAR 2002
SECID	1 7 MAR 2017

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant s or agent s file reference RU-0103	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT IPEA 416		
International application No.	International filing date tday mor	ith vear)	Priority date (day month year)	
PCT US00 25733	20 September 2000 (20.09.2000) 21 September 1999 (21.09.1999)		 21 September 1999 (21:09 1999)	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC				
400, 401, 448, 426, 425, 428, 435, 209,	IPC(7): A61K 6/00, A61K 7/00, A61K 7/42, A61K 7/44, A61K 37/05, A61K 37/22 and US CL: 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400, 401, 448, 426/425, 428, 435, 209, 267; 514/733,736, 844, 846,847, 887			
Applicant				
THE STATE UNIVERSITY, RUTGERS				
 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 				
2. This REPORT consists of	a total of $\frac{3}{2}$ sheets, including	this cover shee	et.	
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 2-sheets.				
This report contains indicate	itions relating to the following i	tems:		
I Basis of the repo	ort			
II Priority				
III Non-establishme	ent of report with regard to nov	elty, inventive	step and industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of	IV Lack of unity of invention			
V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
VI Certain documents cited				
VII Certain defects	VII Certain defects in the international application			
VIII Certain observa	VIII Certain observations on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report			
20 April 2001 (20:04,2001)				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA U	,	rized officer	frusience 1_	
Commissioner of Pacens and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C., 2023. Facsimile No. (703)305-3230 Commissioner of Pacens and Trademarks DR. Knilash C. Srivasniva Telephone No. (703)-308-0196			istiva / OF	

Form PCT IPEA 409 (cover sheet) July 1998

International	tion No
PCT US00 25733	

l.	Basis of the report
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application:*
	the international application as originally filed.
	the description:
	pages 1-14 as originally filed
	pages NONE, filed with the demand
	pages NONE filed with the letter of
	the claims:
	pages NONE as originally filed
	pages NONE, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19 pages NONE, filed with the demand
	pages 15 and 16 filed with the letter of 26 October 2001 (26/10,2001)
	the drawings.
	pages NONE as originally filed
	pages NONE, filed with the demand
	pages NONE, filed with the letter of
	the sequence listing part of the description:
	pages NONE, as originally filed
	pages NONE, filed with the demand
,	pages NONE, filed with the letter of
<u>.</u> .	With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:
	the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule23.1(b)).
	the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
	the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination(under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).
3.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
	contained in the international application in printed form.
	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
	The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
	The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished
4.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of
	the description, pages <u>NONE</u>
	the claims, Nos. NoNE
	the drawings, sheets: fig NONE
5.	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).
his	Replacement sheets which have been turnished to the receiving Othice in response to an invitation under Article 14 are reterred to in report as "originally filed" and are not unieved to this report since they do not contain amendments. (Rules 70 16 and 70 17) Any replacement sheet containing such uniendments must be reterred to under tiom 1 and amneved to this report.



International	tion	No	
PCT US00 25733			

citations and explanations supporting			
1. STATEMENT			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-11	YES
	Claims	NONE	NO
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	NONE	YE:
	Claims		
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	1-11	YES
	Claims	NONE	NO NO
2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS Claims 1-11 lack an inventive step under PCT are classeman. Thomas and Bailey. Nagy et al., disclubtain the referred compounds. Nagy et al., do not lant species recited in claims 2-11. These authors, with or without other plant extracts (claime thomas et al., however, disclose that carolemoid.)	ose the claimed co of disclose the anu- rs also do not disc	empounds being obtained from the caremogenic or tumor inhibition dose the neutraceutical or dietary	he citrus peel and methods to propeties of orange peel for oth visupplements containing orange
ngestion of these chemicals. Peirce discloses the evelopment of breast cancer. Madis Botanicals of arctinogenesis, promyolocytic leukemia and prerintioxidants and therefore it may also be helpful phibition or delayed onset of certain types of car iscloses prevention of cancer by black tea and Nuzhang or knotweed. It is also known that Huzuspidatum and resveratrol is an antioxidant obtaixtracts cited herein are comprised of antioxidant altibiting or preventing, or late onset of different attract therefrom are applicable in inhibition and and dietary supplements of these plant extracts, ancer with neuraceutical or dietary supplements it and therefore, is neither novel, nor has an invitation and therefore, is neither novel, nor has an invitation of the second of th	pigments obtained it Rosemary extra- discloses that resvi- eoplastic lesions on cancer prventio- cers when extract ladis Botanicals of thang or knotweed thang or knotweed med from this play is and it is the anti- types of cancer, or prevention of s in view of the fact of the said plant of	from orange peels and other plact helps fight cancer and has bee tratrol (present in Huzhang or Mor turnerogenesis. Castleman dish. Similarly, Bailey et al., and its from Rosemary and other plan schoses neutraceutical preparation or Mexican bamboo or giant known that component of these plan Thus, it was known in the prior ome types of cancer. Also known that applicants invention is also that applicants invention is also	ants prevent cancer upon in shown to significantly inhibit fexican bamboo) prevents acloses that black tea has Peirce disclose prevention, its are ingested. Castelman ons of resveratroi obtained from actwood are all Polyganum ted also disclose that the plant its that is effective in either art that these plant species or son in the art are the neutraceutics on prevention or inhibition of
ngestion of these chemicals. Peirce discloses the evelopment of breast cancer. Madis Botanicals of arcinogenesis, promyolocytic leukemia and prer nitoxidants and therefore it may also be helpful hibition or delayed onset of certain types of car iscloses prevention of cancer by black tea and N luzhang or knotweed. It is also known that Huz uspidatum and resveratrol is an antioxidant obta xtracts cited herein are comprised of antioxidant ahibiting or preventing, or late onset of different xtract therefrom are applicable in inhibition and nid dietary supplements of these plant extracts, ancer with neuraceutical or dietary supplements it and therefore, is neither novel, nor has an inv	pigments obtained it Rosemary extra- discloses that resvi- eoplastic lesions on cancer prventio- cers when extract ladis Botanicals of thang or knotweed thang or knotweed med from this play is and it is the anti- types of cancer, or prevention of s in view of the fact of the said plant of	from orange peels and other plact helps fight cancer and has bee tratrol (present in Huzhang or Mor turnerogenesis. Castleman dish. Similarly, Bailey et al., and its from Rosemary and other plan schoses neutraceutical preparation or Mexican bamboo or giant known that component of these plan Thus, it was known in the prior ome types of cancer. Also known that applicants invention is also that applicants invention is also	ants prevent cancer upon in shown to significantly inhibit fexican barnboor prevents acloses that black tea has Peirce disclose prevention, its are ingested. Castelman ons of resveratroi obtained from actwood are all Polyganum ted also disclose that the plant its that is effective in either art that these plant species or son in the art are the neutraceutics on prevention or inhibition of
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The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed

International Application	
International Filing Date 10	/088664
Name of receiving Office and "PCT	

according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.	Name of receiving Office and "PCT International A	Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"	
according to the rates of the	Applicant's or agent's file reference (if desired) (12 characters maximum)	(1) KU-0103	
BOX NO. I TITLE OF INVENTION EXTRACTS OF ORANGE PEEL FOR PREVENTION A	AND TREATMENT OF CANCER		
Box No. II APPLICANT			
Name and address: Family name followed by given name; for a l The address must include postal code and name of country. The co Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State	country of the address indicated in this	so inventor.	
	Telephone No.		
RUTGERS, THE STATE UNIVERSITY			
Old Queens Building	Facsimile No.	Facsimile No.	
Somerset and George Streets			
New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901 US			
	leleprinter No.	Teleprinter No.	
State (that is, country) of nationality: US	State (that is, country) of residence: US		
This person is applicant all designated for the purposes of: all designated States all des	signated States except the United States the States of America only the States of America only	tates indicated in upplemental Box	
Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR ((FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)		
GHAI, Geeta 250 Gallinson Drive Murray Hill, NJ 07974 us		inventor (If this check-box not fill in below.)	
State (that is, country) of nationality:	State (that is, country) of residence:		
US	US		
This person is applicant all designated all designated for the purposes of:		States indicated in Supplemental Box	
Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated	cated on a continuation sheet.		
Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENT.	TATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE		
The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed of the applicant(s) before the competent International Auth	norities as:	on representative	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given nam designation. The address must include	me; for a legal entity, full official Telephone No. postal code and name of country.) 856-810-1515		
LICATA, Jane Massey; TYRRELL, Kathleen A. Law Offices of Jane Massey Licata	Facsimile No. 856-810-1454		
66 E. Main Street Marlton, New Jersey 08053 US	Teleprinter No.		
Address for correspondence: Mark this check-box space above is used instead to indicate a special add	x where no agent or common representative is/has been app dress to which correspondence should be sent.	ointed and the	

Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)			
If none of the ling sub-boxes is used	l, this sheet is not to b	luded in the request.	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal ent The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of resi ROSEN, Robert T. 347 Harrier Drive Monroe Township, NJ 08831 US	of the address indicated in this	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box	
State (that is, country) of nationality:	State (that is, country) of t	is marked, do not fill in below.)	
US	US		
Tot the purposes of.	ntes of America of Am	nited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal en. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence. HO, Chi-Tang 32 Jernee Drive East Brunswick, NJ 08816 US	of the adaress indicated in this	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor	
State (that is, country) of nationality: US	State (that is, country) of US	inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) residence:	
	I States except the Unates of America of An	nited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal en The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of res CHEN, Kuang Yu 4 Silverthron Lane Belle Mead, NJ 08502 US	of the address maicaled in inis	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)	
State (that is, country) of nationality: CN	State (that is, country) of US	residence:	
This person is applicant all designated all designated for the purposes of:	d States except the U attes of America of Ar	Inited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal et The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of restance. TELANG, Nitin 788 Colonial Avenue Pelham Manor, NY 10803 US	of the address indicated in this	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)	
State (that is, country) of nationality:	State (that is, country) of US		
This person is applicant all designated for the purposes of: States all designated the United S		Inited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box	
Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated o	n another continuation sheet		

Sheet No.

Sheet No		
Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS	AND/OR (FURTHER)	INVENTOR(S)
If none of the joing sub-boxes is used	, this sheet is not to b	luded in the request.
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal enti- the address must include postal code and name of country. The country of government is state (that is, country) of residence if no State of residenc	the address indicated in this	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (that is, country) of nationality: US	State (that is, country) of r	esidence:
	States except the Ur tes of America the Ur	nited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Name and address:(Family name followed by given name; for a legal ent The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of resi HUANG, Mou Tuan 266 Alfred Street Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 US	dence is indicated below.)	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (that is, country) of nationality: US	State (that is, country) of US	residence:
This person is applicant states all designated States all designated the United States. Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal en The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of res	ates of America of An tity, full official designation of the address indicated in this	nited States
BOYD, Charles 3330 Paty Drive		applicant and inventor
Honolulu, Hawaii 96822		inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (that is, country) of nationality: US	State (that is, country) of US	
This person is applicant all designated all designated for the purposes of:	i States except ates of America the U	United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal en The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of re-	Of the dutiess maleutes in	This person is:
CSISZAR, Katalin 3330 Paty Drive Honolulu, Hawaii 96822 US		applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
State (that is, country) of nationality: HU	State (that is, country) o	
This person is applicant all designated states all designated the United S	the States except the States of America of A	United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated o	n another continuation shee	t.

Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):				
The foll	owing designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (n	ark the appl	icable check-boxes; at least one must be murked).	
D	I Description			
NZ A P	IC 16 IC	Lesotho, M	W Malawi, MZ Mozambique, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone,	
	AP ARIPO Patent: GH Ghana, GM, ambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malawi, MZ Mozambique, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone, SZ Swaziland, TZ United Republic of Tanzania, UG Uganda, ZW Zimbabwe, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT			
	Eurasian Patent: AM Armenia, AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazaknstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent			
	European Patent: AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, CT Cyprus, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FI Finland, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent			
⊠ OA	Convention and of the PCT OAPI Patent: BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, GW Guinea-Bissau, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)			
Nation	al Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, spe	cify on dotte	d line):	
	United Arab Emirates		Saint Lucia	
	Antigua and Barbuda	•	Sri Lanka	
Z AC	Albania	⊠ LR		
X AL	Albania	EZI LK	Lesotho	
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⊠ CR	Costa Rica	⊠ PL	Poland	
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⊠ DE	Germany	⊠ RO	Russian Federation	
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	1 Dominica	⊠ SD	Sudan	
⊠ D2	Algeria	∑ SE	Sweden	
	Estonia		Singapore	
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⊠ FI	Finland	⊠ sk	Sierra Leone	
∏ CI	3 United Kingdom	⊠ SL	Sierra Leone	
⊠ GI) Grenada	🛛 Il	Tajikistan	
⊠ CI	E Georgia	X TM	Turkmenistan	
⊠ Gi	H Ghana	X TR	Turkey	
	M Gambia	X TT	Trinidad and Tobago	
	R Croatia	🛛 TZ	United Republic of Tanzania	
N E	U Hungary	🛛 UA	Ukraine	
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ÌПХК	P Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Check-	box reserved for designating States which have become the PCT after issuance of this sheet:	
⊠ K	R Republic of Korea		the PC1 after issuance of this silver	
1 and a shows the applicant also makes under Kule 4.5(0) and ourse				
Precautionary Designation Statement: In addition to the designations made above, the applicant Box as being excluded designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded				

designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplementar Box as designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplementar Box as designation and that any from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation (including fees) must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

See Notes to the request form

Sheet No. . . . Y . . .

Supplemental Box If the Supplemental Box is not used, this sheet need not be included in the request.

1. If, in any of the Boxes, the space insufficient to furnish all the information: in success, write "Continuation of Box No..." [indicate the number of the Box] and furnish the information in the same manner as required according to the captions of the Box in which the space was insufficient, in particular:

- (i) if more than two persons are involved as applicants and/or inventors and no "continuation sheet" is available: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. III" and indicate for each additional person the same type of information as required in Box No. III. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below;
- (ii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the indication "the States indicated in the Supplemental Box" is checked: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Box No. III" and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the applicant(s) involved and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is applicant;
- (iii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the inventor or the inventor/applicant is not inventor for the purposes of all designated States or for the purposes of the United States of America: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the inventor(s) and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is inventor;
- (iv) if, in addition to the agent(s) indicated in Box IV, there are further agents: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. IV" and indicate for each further agent the same type of information as required in Box No. IV;
- (v) if, in Box No. V, the name of any State (or OAPI) is accompanied by the indication "patent of addition," or "certificate of addition," or if, in Box No. V, the name of the United States of America is accompanied by an indication "continuation" or "continuation-in-part": in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. V" and the name of each State involved (or OAPI), and after the name of each such State (or OAPI), the number of the parent title or parent application and the date of grant of the parent title or filing of the parent application;
- (vi) if, in Box No. VI, there are more than three earlier applications whose priority is claimed: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI" and indicate for each additional earlier application the same type of information as required in Box No. VI;
- if, in Box No. VI, the earlier application is an ARIPO application: in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI", specify the number of the item corresponding to that earlier application and indicate at least one country party to the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property or one Member of the World Trade Organization for which that earlier application was filed.
- 2. If, with regard to the **precautionary designation statement** contained in Box No. V, the applicant wishes to exclude any State(s) from the scope of that statement: in such case, write "Designation(s) excluded from precautionary designation statement" and indicate the name or two-letter code of each State so excluded.
- 3. If the applicant claims, in respect of any designated Office, the benefits of provisions of the national law concerning non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty: in such case, write "Statement concerning non-prejudical disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty" and furnish that statement below.

Continuation of Box V:

United States of America, continuation-in-part of USSN 60/155,018 filed 21 September 1999 (21/09/99)

Box No. VI PRIORITY C	·		claims are indicated in th	
Filing date of earlier application	Number of ter application			s:international application:
(day/month/year)		country	regal Office	receiving Office
item (1) 21 September 1999	60/155,018	us		Ę
(21/09/99) item (2)				
item (3)			-	
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	international application	d transmit to the Internation r application was filed with in is the receiving Office) ide atory to indicate in the Supplementa offied (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)). See Supple	ntified above as item(s): I Box at least one country party	(1)
Box No. VII INTERNAT	IONAL SEARCHING	AUTHORITY		
Choice of International Searchin (if two or more International Searching) competent to carry out the internal Authority chosen; the two-letter co	Searching Authorities are utional search, indicate the	Request to use results of e search has been carried out by Date (day/month/year)	arlier search; reference to t or requested from the Internation Number Cou	hat search (if an earlier ud Searching Authority): untry (or regional Office)
ISA/us				
Box No. VIII CHECK LIS	ST: LANGUAGE OF F	TILING		
This international application the following number of sheet	1	tional application is accomp	anied by the item(s) mark	ed below:
request	ı -	ate signed power of attorney		
description (excluding		of general power of attorney;	reference number, if any:	
sequence listing part) :	14 4. 🔲 statem	nent explaining lack of signat	ture	;
claims :	_	ty document(s) identified in		
abstract :	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ 6. \Box translation	ation of international applica	tion into (language):	
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Total number of sheets:	23			
Figure of the drawings whis should accompany the abstract	ch ct:	Language of filing of international application:	the Eng	lish
Box No. IX SIGNATUR	E OF APPLICANT OR	RAGENT		
Next to each signature, indicoobvious from reading the requ	ate the name of the pers	son signing and the capacity	in which the person sign	ns (if such capacity is not
Janu massy Lucation				
LICATA, Jane Massey				•
Date: 20 September 2000)			
	Fo	r receiving Office use only		2. Drawings:
Date of actual receipt of t international application:				z. Drawings.
 Corrected date of actual r timely received papers or purported international ap 	drawings completing the	e 		
Date of timely receipt of corrections under PCT A	the required rticle 11(2):			not received
5. International Searching A (if two or more are comp	authority ISA/	6. Transm until sea	ittal of search copy delaye arch fee is paid.	ed
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Date of receipt of the record			•	
by the International Bureau:				

This sheet is not part of and does not count as a sheet of the international application.

PCT	

FEE CALCULATION SHEET

Annex to the Request

	For receiving Office use only	
ernational annli	cation No.	

Applicant's or agent's file reference	RU-0103	Date stamp of the receiving Office	
Applicant Rutgers, the State Unive	ersity et al.		
2. SEARCH FEE International search to be (If two or more International indicate the application, indicate the search of the search of the search of the international applications of the search of th	carried out by ISA/US ational Searching Authorities are competent name of the Authority which is chosen to ca	700.00 S	
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- (74) Agents: LICATA, Jane, Massey et al.; Law Offices of Jane Massey Licata, 66 E. Main Street, Marlton, NJ 08053 (US).
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(54) Title: EXTRACTS OF ORANGE PEEL FOR PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF CANCER

(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods of inhibiting tumor cell growth and treating and preventing cancer are provided based on administration of an orange peel extract either alone or in combination with other phytochemicals.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internal al application No.
PCT/US00/25733

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6) : A61K 6/00, 7/00, 7/42, 7/44 US CL : 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400, 401, 448; 426/425, 428; 435/ 209, 267; 514/733,736, 844, 846,847, 887 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S.: 424/59.60, 63, 69, 195.1, 400, 401, 448; 426/425, 428; 435/ 209, 267; 514/733,736, 844, 846,847, 887 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Please See Continuation Sheet					
Electronic das Please Sec Co	a base consulted during the international search (name ontinuation Sheet	of data base and, where practicable, s	earch terms used)		
C. DOCT	IMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category *	Citation of document with indication, where app	ropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
	NAGY, S. et al. Citrus Science and Technology We	estport: AVI. 1977, Vol. 1, page 415,	1,2		
X	lines 40-42; Page 416, lines 15-41, pages 415-419	•	} }		
	lines 40-42, Page 410, Mass 15 41, pages 115		3-8		
Y X	PEIRCE, Andrea. Practical Guide to Natural Medici and Company. 1999, pages 551-554, especially page	1,3,5,7			
	Madis Botanicals, Inc. ResveraPure™ Resveratrol PE	8%, lines 6-7 and 15-31	1-2,3,5,7,8		
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	350, especially page 349, column 2, lines 5-10. US 5, 830, 738 A (THOMAS et al.) 03 November 19	998 (03.11.98).Col. 1. lines 22-62.	1-4		
Y	US 5,859, 293 A (BAILEY et al.) 12 January 1999,	7,0 (05.22.70,10.01.01, 0.0.01.01	3,4,6-8		
	Column 2, lines 10-15.				
		See patent family annex.			
Funb	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.				
"A" docume of parti	Special categories of cited documents: pi defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be cular relevance.	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priori date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve as inventive as			
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"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		considered to involve an inventive of combined with one or more other an	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the act		
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition of other instance." "P" document published prior to the international filing date box later than the "de" document member of the same patent priority date claimed.					
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Name and	mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Parents and Trademarks lost PCT Vashington, D.C. 20231	Railash C. Srivastava	rince for		
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 Telephone No. (703)-308-0196					

Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 2: PEIRCE, A. (Ed.) Practical Guide to Natural Medicines. New York. Wiliam Morrow and Company, Inc., 1999, Pages 551-554.

NAGY, S., SHAW, P.E., VELDHUIS, M.K. (Eds.) Citrus Science and Tcehnology. Westport: AVI Publishing, Co., Inc., 1979, Vol.1, pages 415-419; Page 415, Lines 40-42; Page 416, Lines 15-41.

CASTLEMAN, M. The Healing Herrbs. Emmaus: Rodale Press, 1991, Pages 348-350, especially page 349, Column 2, lines 5-10

Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 3: CAS, USPT, JPAB, EPAB, DWPlorange peel extarct, japanese knotwood, Polygonum cuspidatum, huzhang, mexican bamboo, hydroxyflavone, hexamethoxyflavone, rosemary, blacktea, hazhang extract, resveratrol analog, cancer treatment, tumor prevention, sinensetin, nobeeltin, tangeretin, auranetin)